

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel  
Level 3 GCE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Afternoon

Paper Reference **8FM0/25**

## **Further Mathematics**

**Advanced Subsidiary**

**Further Mathematics options**

**25: Further Mechanics 1**

**(Part of options C, E, H and J)**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations.  
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,  
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical  
formulae stored in them.**

### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.  
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Unless otherwise indicated, whenever a value of  $g$  is required, take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$  and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

### **Information**

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- The total mark for this part of the examination is 40. There are 4 questions.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

**Turn over ▶**

**P61868A**

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P 6 1 8 6 8 A 0 1 1 6



**Pearson**

1. Two particles  $P$  and  $Q$  have masses  $m$  and  $4m$  respectively. The particles are at rest on a smooth horizontal plane. Particle  $P$  is given a horizontal impulse, of magnitude  $I$ , in the direction  $PQ$ . Particle  $P$  then collides directly with  $Q$ . Immediately after this collision,  $P$  is at rest and  $Q$  has speed  $w$ . The coefficient of restitution between the particles is  $e$ .

(a) Find  $I$  in terms of  $m$  and  $w$ .

(2)

(b) Show that  $e = \frac{1}{4}$

(1)

(c) Find, in terms of  $m$  and  $w$ , the total kinetic energy lost in the collision between  $P$  and  $Q$ .

(2)



**Question 1 continued**

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**(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)**



P 6 1 8 6 8 A 0 3 1 6

2. A car of mass 1000 kg moves along a straight horizontal road.

In all circumstances, when the speed of the car is  $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , the resistance to the motion of the car is modelled as a force of magnitude  $cv^2 \text{ N}$ , where  $c$  is a constant.

The maximum power that can be developed by the engine of the car is 50 kW.

At the instant when the speed of the car is  $72 \text{ km h}^{-1}$  and the engine is working at its maximum power, the acceleration of the car is  $2.25 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

- (a) Convert  $72 \text{ km h}^{-1}$  into  $\text{m s}^{-1}$

(1)

- (b) Find the acceleration of the car at the instant when the speed of the car is  $144 \text{ km h}^{-1}$  and the engine is working at its maximum power.

(7)

The maximum speed of the car when the engine is working at its maximum power is  $V \text{ km h}^{-1}$ .

- (c) Find, to the nearest whole number, the value of  $V$ .

(4)



**Question 2 continued**

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P 6 1 8 6 8 A 0 5 1 6

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**Question 2 continued**

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**(Total for Question 2 is 12 marks)**



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3. Three particles  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are at rest on a smooth horizontal plane. The particles lie along a straight line with  $B$  between  $A$  and  $C$ .

Particle  $B$  has mass  $4m$  and particle  $C$  has mass  $km$ , where  $k$  is a positive constant. Particle  $B$  is projected with speed  $u$  along the plane towards  $C$  and they collide directly.

The coefficient of restitution between  $B$  and  $C$  is  $\frac{1}{4}$

- (a) Find the range of values of  $k$  for which there would be no further collisions.

(8)

The magnitude of the impulse on  $B$  in the collision between  $B$  and  $C$  is  $3mu$

- (b) Find the value of  $k$ .

(4)



**Question 3 continued**

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P 6 1 8 6 8 A 0 9 1 6

**Question 3 continued**

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**Question 3 continued**

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**(Total for Question 3 is 12 marks)**



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4. A small ball, of mass  $m$ , is thrown vertically upwards with speed  $\sqrt{8gH}$  from a point  $O$  on a smooth horizontal floor. The ball moves towards a smooth horizontal ceiling that is a vertical distance  $H$  above  $O$ . The coefficient of restitution between the ball and the ceiling is  $\frac{1}{2}$

In a model of the motion of the ball, it is assumed that the ball, as it moves up or down, is subject to air resistance of constant magnitude  $\frac{1}{2}mg$ .

Using this model,

- (a) use the work-energy principle to find, in terms of  $g$  and  $H$ , the speed of the ball immediately before it strikes the ceiling,

(5)

- (b) find, in terms of  $g$  and  $H$ , the speed of the ball immediately before it strikes the floor at  $O$  for the first time.

(5)

In a simplified model of the motion of the ball, it is assumed that the ball, as it moves up or down, is subject to no air resistance.

Using this simplified model,

- (c) explain, without any detailed calculation, why the speed of the ball, immediately before it strikes the floor at  $O$  for the first time, would still be less than  $\sqrt{8gH}$

(1)



**Question 4 continued**

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**(Total for Question 4 is 11 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR FURTHER MECHANICS 1 IS 40 MARKS**

